

# PCADS

**P**recision  
**C**ontainer

**A**ir

**D**elivery  
**S**ystem



# What is PCADS?



**Biodegradable  
bags filled with  
water or fire  
retardant**

# What is PCADS?



**Cardboard containers are then secured in cargo aircraft and ejected over fires**

# What is PCADS?



**The cardboard skid under the water bag falls free, the lid separates and the bag bursts above the ground**

# Why Use PCADS?

- Another tool for fighting fires in remote, inaccessible areas or where life and property are in immediate danger
- To slow rapidly advancing fire and give ground crews more time to establish fire lines or escape to safer locations
- To encase retardant in containers and prevent corrosion of the aircraft



# How Does PCADS Work?

The system has three components



**Biodegradable Bag**



**Biodegradable  
Cardboard  
Container**



**Military-type cargo aircraft**

# The Water Bag



- Water bags are made by Flexible Alternatives Inc.
- The bags are made of biodegradable PVC film
- The straps are made of biodegradable PU
- Straps RF welded to bag

# The Water Bag



- Fully loaded they contain 2,000 lbs of water
- The size of a full bag is ~ 48" diameter and 48" in height
- Decomposition of the bag and straps depends on environmental conditions (tests average 9 months)



# The Cardboard Container



The cardboard containers, similar to those used by the military to drop MREs, are made by Weyerhaeuser Company.

# The Cardboard Container



- The containers are made from a wood by-product
- The glue is a natural sap substance
- The size of each box is ~48” in a squared diameter and 48” in height

# PCADS Filling



- Empty water bags are placed in the containers
- Water bags are filled in 3-5 minutes using a fire hydrant or water truck or in 20-25 minutes with a 5/8" garden hose



# PCADS Filling



**A cardboard lid is then secured to the top of the container and straps that serve as “rip cords” are laced through the 4 corners, down and under the bag**



# The Aircraft



- Aircraft capable of deploying PCADS are the C-130 Hercules and the C-17 Globemaster
- Both aircraft are in the Air National Guard (ANG) fleet

# The Aircraft



- These aircraft have modern avionics and navigation equipment that allows them to operate in limited visibility environments such as over forest fires and at night
- Aircraft also have large cargo doors and cargo handling systems that allow airdrop of PCADS

# PCADS Loading



- Filled containers are transported to the aircraft by a K-loader
- Containers are pushed onto the roller system on the cargo ramp at the back of the aircraft

# PCADS Loading



Containers are rolled forward and secured with straps to the tie-down rings on the floor of the cargo compartment

**C-130** 16 containers  
(2 side-by-side)  
32,000 lbs of water

**C-17** 70 containers  
(4 side-by-side)  
140,000 lbs of water



# PCADS Delivering



- Tie-down straps are released prior to arriving at the release point
- Aircraft slows to ~130 knots

# PCADS Delivering



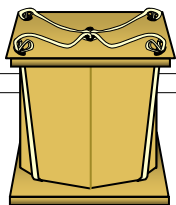
**At the desired drop point the aircraft deck angle is elevated and the containers roll out the back end**

# Container Separation



- Container departs aircraft and cardboard skid falls away
- Lid is pulled off by turbulent air aft of aircraft
- Lid separation pulls 4 straps that are wrapped under water bag
- Friction of straps bursts bags over fire

## Utility Aircraft



# CADS Deployment on Wildfires

500 Ft AGL

Top acts as parachute

Straps rip bag

400

300

200

100

0



# US Forest Service Aerial Firefighting Mission

## Aerial firefighting consists of 2 missions

- **Containment**

- Low-level release of fire retardant over a designated fire line
- The ANG uses the module aerial firefighting system (MAFFS) to support this containment mission. MAFFS II will be used to support the containment mission also

- **Direct Attack**

- Low-level release of water on hot spots of a wild fire
- The PCADS team is working with the US Forest Service in developing and testing a direct attack mission

***ANG is a perfect candidate for deploying PCADS in the  
Direct Attack Mission***

# Effectiveness



- Safe Altitude Day / Night
- Safe Ground Impact — Airborne Burst
- Accurate Delivery Using Aircraft GPS
- Immediate / Unlimited Response
- Multiple Airdrops In One Flight
- Cost Effective
- Technology Growth Potential

***Saves Lives, Property and Environment***

# Cost Savings



- Cardboard containers and bladders are cost effective to purchase and warehouse
- Airdrop training is similar to cargo airdrop training
- ANG aircraft does not require deployment
- Turnaround time based on cargo availability

- No
- Special handling equipment required
  - Dedicated aircraft required
  - Additional system failure

# Aerial Firefighting

## Aircraft



## PCADS



**Safety**

Low, Old Aircraft,  
Retrofit

High, Any Transport,  
No Retrofit

**Response**

Planning Required

Anytime/Anywhere (Day/Night)

**Cost**

Aircraft Mission,  
Maintenance

Aircraft Mission

**Efficiency**

Eyeball, Unknown

GPS, Measurable Testing

**Today**

**One Aircraft Multiple Flights**

***Tomorrow***

***Multiple Aircraft One Flight***



# Questions?

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